Year 1 Medium Term Planning Summer 1	Summer 1
<ul> <li>WEEK 1 - Counting and place value</li> <li>To count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in different multiples including ones, twos, fives and tens.</li> <li>When given a number, identify one more and one less.</li> <li>To identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.</li> </ul>	Shape:- Identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line
WEEK 2 - Doubles and near doubles	Geometry:-
<ul> <li>To represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20.</li> <li>To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero.</li> <li>To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.</li> </ul>	Order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences
WEEK 3 - Addition and subtraction	Measurement:-
<ul> <li>To add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero.</li> <li>To solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems.</li> </ul>	Choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure capacity (litres/ml) to the nearest appropriate unit using measuring vessels
WEEK 4 - Multiplication and division	Statistics:-
• To solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.	Interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
WEEK 5 – Multiplication and division	Geometry:-
• To solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.	Use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anticlockwise).
<ul> <li>WEEK 6 – Counting and place value</li> <li>To count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in different multiples including ones, twos, fives and tens.</li> <li>When given a number, identify one more and one less.</li> </ul>	Shape:- Read and write names for shapes that are appropriate for their word reading and spelling. Draw lines and shapes using a straight edge.

Γ	• To identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations
	including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than
	(fewer), most, least.

Rationale: Begin again with place value etc – all working up to 100, counting in 2s, 5s, 10s and using appropriate vocab. Doubles/near doubles – moved on from autumn term by expecting children to apply knowledge e.g. 2+2=4 so 20+20=40. Calculating and problem solving with all four operations, include opportunities for reasoning about methods, ensure application of place value taught earlier in term, to calculate with 2-digit numbers.